

Decentralized
Digital Identity
in the last 5 years
& where we stand
today



# The multi trillion dollar problem

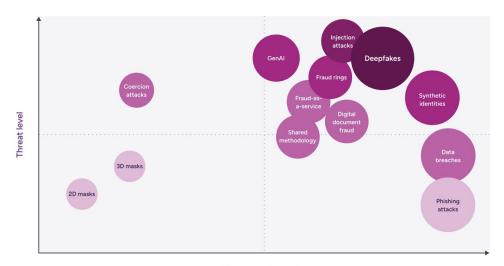
**Identity Fraud** 

## 91% of organizations reported an identity-related breach in the past year.

# Average time to identify+contain a data breach ~ 258 days (~9 months)

## Global cybercrime cost projected to reach US\$ 10.5 trillion in 2025

#### Fraud Landscape



Frequency / Volume

Deepfake attempts occurred at a rate of one every five minutes in 2024

Deepfakes account for 40% of all biometric fraud

Most vulnerable document type: National ID cards

#### National ID Cards Remain Top Target for Fraudsters

Across all document fraud, 40.8% target national ID cards.

Not all national ID cards are designed for international travel (unlike passports), which means they don't need to adhere to International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) guidelines. With fewer security features and less robust guidelines, they are easier targets for fraudsters.

Documents from The Philippines, France, and Italy were top targets for fraudsters in 2024. French and Italian documents both have older versions of documents in circulation, which make them prime targets for fraudsters. They've also been around for long enough that there are likely many templates available online.

4.5%

Residence Permit



1.6% Voter ID 1.8%

शायकर विमाग

INCOME TAX DEPARTMENT

16/08/1984

ABSPE2059A

Hardra Col

9.9%

Source: 2025 Identity Fraud Report, Entrust Cybersecurity Institute

For the first time ever, fraudsters are creating more digital forgeries than physical counterfeits, with digital forgeries accounting for 57.46% of all document fraud

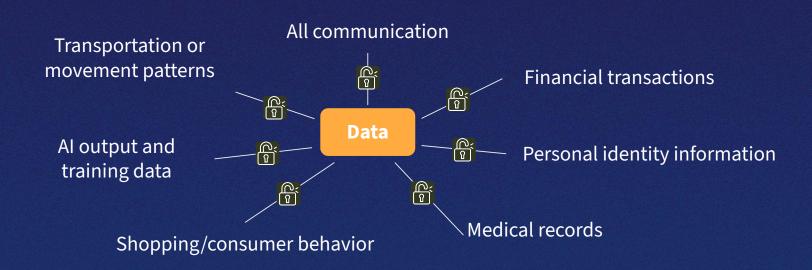


## By 2029, the global cost of cybercrime is estimated to reach \$15.63 trillion.

The internet is missing a trust layer.



## There is currently no way to create globally verifiable data in a <u>truly secure way</u>



Insecure Key exchanges & shared secrets are everywhere



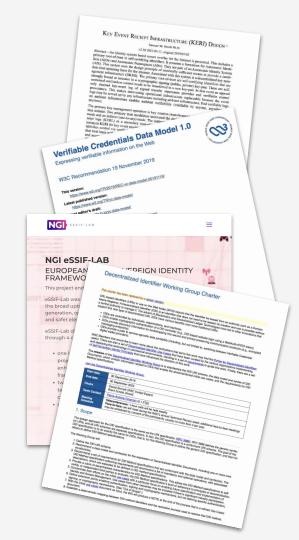


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#### The state of SSI before 2020

- Sovrin Foundation, Decentralized Identity Foundation, and Evernym were already founded
- W3C Verifiable Credentials and Decentralized Identifiers Working Groups were already established
- W3C had already published Verifiable Credentials Data Model 1.0 as Recommendation
- KERI (Key Event Receipt Infrastructure) White Paper was published
- Hyperledger codebase had already been created
- EU launches eSSIF-Lab, introducing the European Self-Sovereign Identity Framework (ESSIF) as an innovation program
- Internet Identity Workshop had already discussed decentralized identity for years



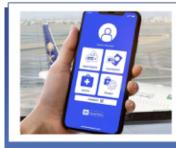
# 2020-2021 Acceleration

#### 2020-2021: Acceleration

- COVID changed everything
  - How do we verify something about someone digitally, across borders, without centralized systems?
- Use-case exploration:
  - IATA Travel Pass for airline verification
  - IBM Digital Health Pass implementation
  - o COOV in Korea, one of the largest SSI deployments ever
  - EU Digital COVID Certificate at continental scale
  - IBM Digital Credentials
  - Hyland Credentials
- Industry growth of 109%



AOK Pass

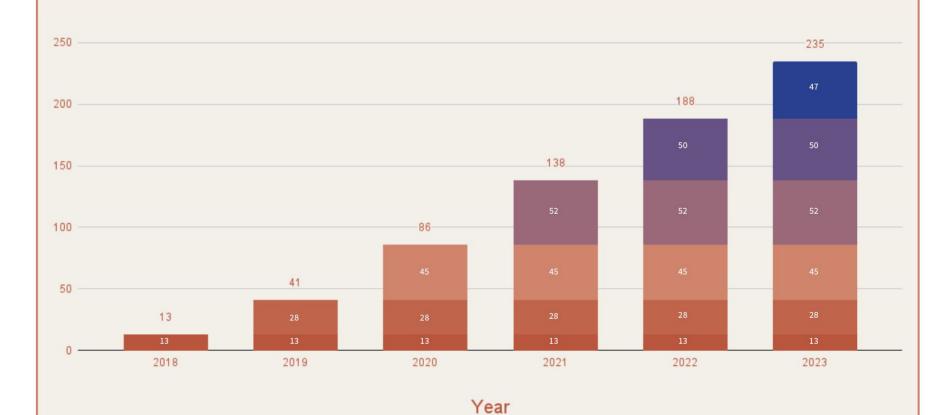


IATA Travel Pass



Coov





### 2021-2022

### Institutionalization & Standards

#### Institutionalization

#### European Commission proposes framework for European Digital Identity (EUDI) Wallet

- Validates SSI at political scale
- Creates regulatory driver for adoption
- Enforced industry alignment

### Trust Over IP Foundation publishes version 1 of the Technology Architecture and Governance Framework

- A common language for the industry (shared terminology and concepts)
- Introduced a blueprint for building interoperable identity ecosystems
- Established governance as a major component
- Created a structure that allowed diverse to technologies to be designed under a unified model

#### Standardization

- W3C approves Decentralized Identifiers (DIDs) v1.0 as a recommendation
- OpenID for Verifiable Credentials (OpenID4VC) White Paper is published
- ISO/IEC 18013-5 (mDL) was published

# 2022-2024 Deployments

#### SSI leaves the labs

- Bhutan launches first national SSI-based ID
- EU EUDI Wallet large-scale pilots begin across 27 member states
- Wider adoption of mDLs in USA
- Latin America and Oceania launched the majority of their existing projects

# 2023-2025 Regulatory Hardening

#### 2023-2025: Regulatory hardening

#### Regulation (EU) 2024/1183 (eIDAS 2.0) is formally adopted

- Mandatory issuance of EUDI Wallet
- Technical, security, interoperability requirements
- Roll-out timelines

#### Swiss e-ID referendum accepted

Creates the legal basis for a state-issued electronic identity (e-ID)

#### Overall understanding of the last 5 years









COVID accelerated digitalization

Standards matured

Governments began adopting decentralized identity First time the industry can be measured

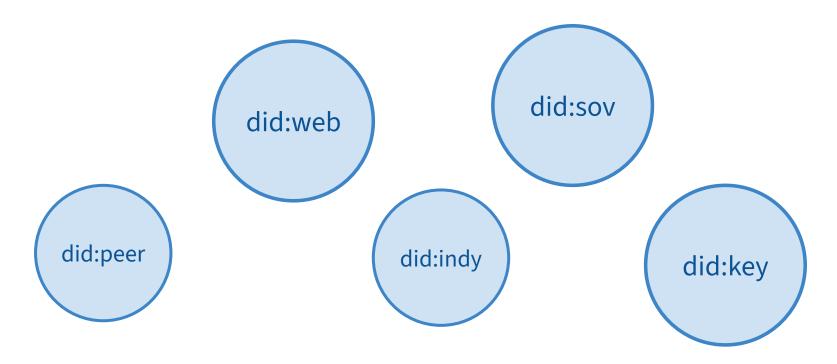
# 2025 Where we stand



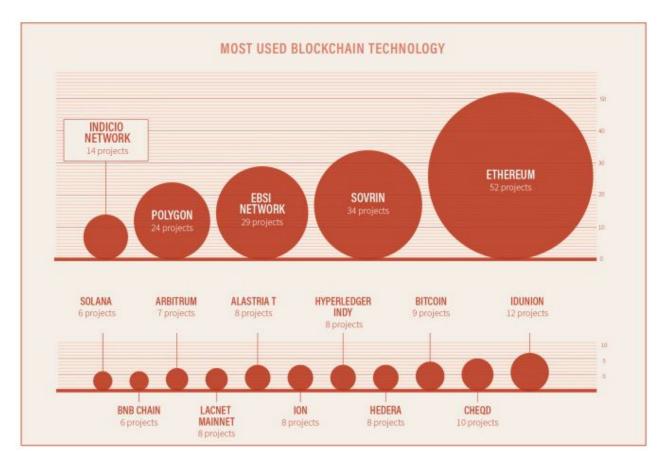
weboftrust.org

#### **WOTM Findings: DID Method Consolidation**

Over 130 did methods



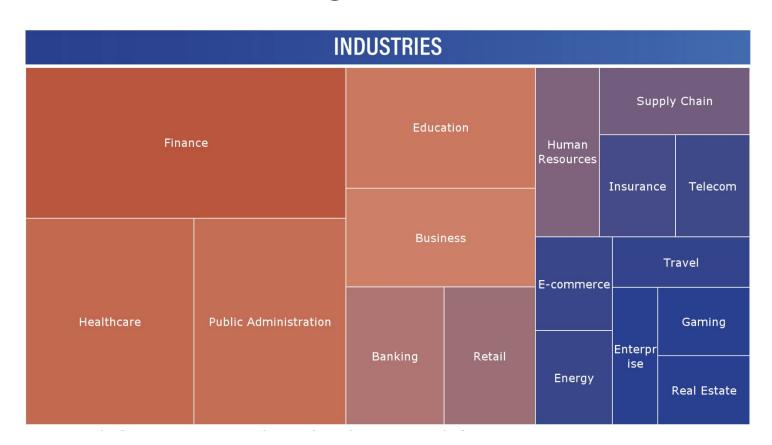
#### **Blockchain Infrastructure**



#### **Standard Consolidation**

W3C Verifiable Credentials Data Model W3C Decentralized Identifiers OpenID for Verifiable Credentials

#### **WOTM Findings: Vertical evolution**



#### **Emerging Vertical**

#### **AI & Identity**

- Al systems need verifiable identities
- Content requires provenance verification
- Datasets need verifiable lineage tracking
- Al agents require credentials







#### Regional Divergence

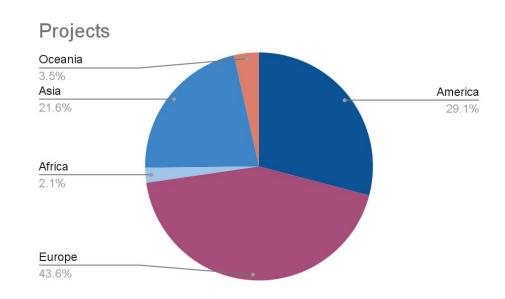
The evolution of decentralized identity is not a single global story. It is multi regional stories that evolved independently and only now are converging into an interoperable ecosystem.

#### Leadership Models

- Europe → Regulation-led
- Asia → Deployment-led
- North America → Market-led

#### Missing adoption

- Oceania → Use-case innovation
- LATAM → Government modernization
- Africa → Humanitarian response



### From fragments to infrastructure

Five years of evolution: from experiments to globally coordinated, multi-vertical ecosystem, measured for the first time by the Web of Trust Map

Help the Web of Trust grow, expand and evolve.



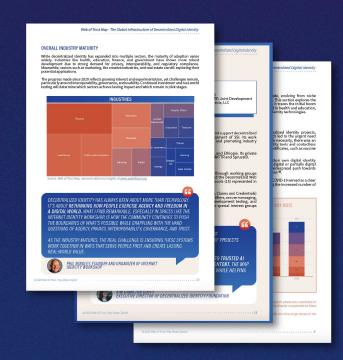


Get more insights from the report and get full access to the data with the API!

WEBOFTRUST.ORG/REPORT

#### **WEB OF TRUST MAP**

THE GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE OF DECENTRALIZED DIGITAL IDENTITY



#### Submit new projects



#### Get access to all the data with the API!

#### **API Overview**

The Web of Trust Map API offers programmatic access to our comprehensive dataset of decentralized identity initiatives. Built on REST principles, the API provides endpoints for accessing projects, entities, DID methods, blockchain instances, standards, regulations, and network visualization data.

All data is available under the Creative Commons BY 4.0 license. The API makes it easy to integrate the data into your research, applications or analysis tools.

The API base URL is https://www.weboftrust.org/api/v1 . All endpoints support standard HTTP methods and follow RESTful conventions for resource access and pagination.

Complete Documentation: /api/docs Swagger UI: /swagger-ui.html OpenAPI specification: /openapi.yaml Our endpoints cover the full spectrum of data available in the Web of Trust Map:

- Projects & Entities: Detailed information about identity projects and organizations
- Technology Stack: DID methods, blockchain instances, and technical standards
- Regulatory Landscape: Regulations and compliance frameworks by jurisdiction
- Network Analysis: Graph data for relationship visualization and analysis
- Geographic Data: Country and regional statistics
- Search Capabilities: Simple and advanced search with filtering

## Request API Key To access the API, request an API key. After confirming your email, you'll receive your key by email. developer@example.com Request Key

#### **Co-contributors**





























### Thank you!

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